



### **3. High Level Programming language:**

Python is high level programming language and hence it is programmer friendly language. Being a programmer we are not required to concentrate low level activities like memory management and security etc..

### **4. Platform Independent:**

Once we write a Python program, it can run on any platform without rewriting once again. Internally PVM is responsible to convert into machine understandable form.

### **5. Portability:**

Python programs are portable. ie we can migrate from one platform to another platform very easily. Python programs will provide same results on any platform.

### **6. Dynamically Typed:**

In Python we are not required to declare type for variables. Whenever we are assigning the value, based on value, type will be allocated automatically. Hence Python is considered as dynamically typed language.

But Java, C etc are Statically Typed Languages b'z we have to provide type at the beginning only.

This dynamic typing nature will provide more flexibility to the programmer.

### **7. Both Procedure Oriented and Object Oriented:**

Python language supports both Procedure oriented (like C, pascal etc) and object oriented (like C++, Java) features. Hence we can get benefits of both like security and reusability etc

### **8. Interpreted:**

We are not required to compile Python programs explicitly. Internally Python interpreter will take care that compilation.

If compilation fails interpreter raised syntax errors. Once compilation success then PVM (Python Virtual Machine) is responsible to execute.

### **9. Extensible:**

We can use other language programs in Python.  
The main advantages of this approach are: