```
finally:
   stmt-5
stmt6
```

Case-1: If there is no exception
1,2,3,5,6 Normal Termination

Case-2: If an exception raised at stmt2 and the corresponding except block matched
 1,4,5,6 Normal Termination

Case-3: If an exception raised at stmt2 but the corresponding except block not matched
1,5 Abnormal Termination

Case-4: If an exception raised at stmt4 then it is always abnormal termination but before that finally block will be executed.

Case-5: If an exception raised at stmt-5 or at stmt-6 then it is always abnormal termination

Nested try-except-finally blocks:

We can take try-except-finally blocks inside try or except or finally blocks.i.e nesting of try-except-finally is possible.

```
try:
       ----------
       ----------
       ----------
    try:
        -------------
           -------------
           -------------
    except:
       --------------
       --------------
       --------------
    ------------
except:
    -----------
    -----------
    -----------
```

General Risky code we have to take inside outer try block and too much risky code we have to take inside inner try block. Inside Inner try block if an exception raised then inner